LIFE SCIENCES

		i aper - ii	
	Roll No.	gilators	Sign
it Card)	(In figures as in Admi		
		Dec-08/04	1.
***********	10012 110		2.
	······	***************************************	4.
18)	(in word	s/Section (if any)	Nar
s : 100	[Maximum Mark	75 Minutes]	Tin
		Candidates	Inst
	he ton of this nage		1.
npulsory.	e questions. All questions are con	ts of fifty (50) multiple choice type q	2.
e answer	arked (A), (B), (C) and (D). The	pto four alternative responses mar	3.
itirely be	. The answer letter should en	tal letter for the selected option.	
¬		the corresponding square.	
	A OR A	Wrong method	
er Sheet	be indicated on the ICR Answ	o the items for this paper are to be	4,
		*	5.
	on november		6.
sould not	or rough work. Itor at the end of names and sh	n the test booklet to the invigilate	7.
ioma iiot	hall.	with you outside the examination h	
			าเชโม
રજિયાત છે.	પ્રશ્નો આપેલા છે. બધા જ પ્રશ્નો કર	કલ્પિક ઉત્તરો ઘરાવતા કુલ પચાસ (૫૦) પ્ર	₹.
દર્શાવવામાં	황 (A), (B), (C) અને (D) qš s	વધુ ચાર બહુવૈકલ્પિક ઉત્તરો ધરાવે છે. જે	З.
બર સમાઈ	. ઉત્તરની સંજ્ઞા આપેલ ખાનામાં બરાહ	ઉત્તર કેપીટલ સંજ્ઞા વ કે આપવાનો રહેશે. (
		ની રહેશે.	
٦		A	
7	<u> </u>	🔼 ખોટી રીત :	•
เมเคยรมโทย์	Paper II વિભાગની નીચે આપેલ મ	ા આપેલ ICR Answer Sheet ના F	8.
-u·u ~u1	- apor in the west of states		
		ાઓ કાળજી પૂર્વક વાંચો	u .
			۶.
mpulson le answ ntirely ver She nould n	he top of this page. e questions. All questions are com arked (A), (B), (C) and (D). The a. The answer letter should en A OR be indicated on the ICR Answer for rough work. ator at the end of paper and should. લખો. પ્રશ્નો આપેલા છે. બધા જ પ્રશ્નો કર જે (A), (B), (C) અને (D) વડે દ ઉત્તરની સંજ્ઞા આપેલ ખાનામાં બરાલ	Fandidates Tumber in the space provided on the ts of fifty (50) multiple choice type quote four alternative responses mantal letter for the selected option. The corresponding square. Wrong method to the items for this paper are to be ally. Is given inside carefully. Itached at the end of the booklet form the test booklet to the invigilated with you outside the examination has the examination has selected on a selected on the selected of the samination has selected on the selected of the examination has selected on the selected of the selected of the selected on the test booklet to the invigilated with you outside the examination has selected on the selected of the selected of the selected of the selected on the selected of the selected option. The selected of the selected option of the selected option of the selected option of the selected option of the selected option. The selected option of the selected option opt	Tinst 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 4. 3.

પરીક્ષા સમય પૂરો થઈ ગયા પછી આ બુકલેટ જે તે નિરીક્ષકને સોપી દેવી. કોઈપણ કાગળ પરીક્ષા ખંડની

૭.

બહાર લઈ જવો નહીં.

LIFE SCIENCES

PAPER-II

This paper contains FIFTY (50) multiple-choice/Assertion and Note: Reasoning/Matching questions, each question carrying two (2) marks. Attempt ALL the questions.

નોલ : આ પ્રશ્નપત્રમાં **પચાસ (૫૦)** બહુવૈકલ્પિક પ્રશ્નો છે. દરેક પ્રશ્નના **લે (૨)** ગુણ

	છે. બધા પ્રશ્નો કરજિયાત છે.
1.	Bacteria tend to stain more readily with cationic dyes because :
	(A) They contain large amount of alkaline substances
	(B) They contain large amount of acidic substances
	(C) They are neutral
	(D) They have thick walls
2.	Fusion between a plasma cell and a tumour cell creates a:
	(A) Lymphoblast (B) Hybridoma
	(C) Myeloma (D) Lymphoma
3.	Which type of antibodies appear first in circulation after an infection?
-	(A) IgG (B) IgM
	(C) IgA (D) IgD
4. .	Archaebacterial cell wall contains:
	(A) To

- - (A) Pseudomurine with muramic acid
 - (B) Lipo-poly saccharides
 - (C) Phospholipids
 - (D) Pseudomurine with N-acetyltalosaminuroric acid

5.	Meiosis II has to follow Meiosis I because:
	(A) Sister chromatids are yet to separate
	(B) Chromosome formation is yet to occur
	(C) Centrioles are yet to form centrosome
	(D) Telophase is yet to occur
6.	In G ₀ phase of cell cycle, the most significant event not shared by G ₁ phase
	is the:
	(A) Proliferation of vacuolar system
	(B) Multiplication of mitochondria
	(C) Proliferation of cytoskeleton
	(D) Contraction of interphase nucleus
7.	Ultrastructure of cell organelles can be studied by using:
	(A) Transmission electron microscope
	(B) Scanning electron microscope
	(C) Atomic force microscope
	(D) Phase contrast microscope
8.	Fermentation of glucose molecule has the potential to generate a net number
	of how many ATPs ?
	(A) Four (B) Two
	(C) Thirty-eight (D) Six

9.	Who discovered Lysozyme ?
	(A) Alexander Fleming
	(B) Anton Von Leewenhoek
	(C) Robert Koch
	(D) Stanley Prusiner
10.	The target for sulfanilimide is:
	(A) Cytoplasmic membrane proteins
	(B) Folic acid synthesis
	(C) Lysine synthesis
	(D) Gyrase
11.	First organic product of CO ₂ fixation in Calvin cycle is :
٠	(A) Pyruvic acid (B) Phosphoglyceric acid
	(C) Starch (D) Sucrose
12.	Which of the following amino acids is coded by a single codon?
	(A) Serine (B) Histidine
	(C) Methionine (D) Leucine

13.	An enzyme with the highest turn	over number is :	
	(A) Amylase	(B) Penicillinase	
	(C) Carbonic Anhydrase	(D) Alkaline protease	
14.	Sphingolipides are membrane lipid	ds without :	
	(A) Glycerol molecule	(B) Polar head	
	(C) Fatty acids	(D) Sphingosine	
15.	The chain initiation factor 1 is re	esponsible for :	
	(A) Activation of amino acid		
	(B) Binding of m-RNA to smaller	r sub-unit of ribosome	
	(C) Binding of smaller sub-unit t	to larger sub-unit of ribosome	
	(D) Binding of t-RNA-amino acid	complex to m-RNA	
16.	Which of the following is an exam	mple of a separated fatty acid	?
	(A) Oleate	(B) Palmitate	
	(C) Linoleate	(D) Arachidonate	

17.	Gioderellin has no effect on :		
	(A) Leaves	(B)	Stem
	(C) Roots	(D)	Fruits
18.	Which of the following vitamins d	oes n	ot have anti-oxidant potential?
	(A) Vitamin A	(B)	Vitamin B ₁₂
	(C) Vitamin C	(D)	Vitamin D
19.	Enterogastrone secreted by intesting	nal m	ucosa helps in :
	(A) Promoting gastric secretion		
	(B) Promoting churning action	, .	
	(C) Relaxing pyloric sphincter		
	(D) Suppressing acid secretion		•
20.	An unfertilized egg giving rise to	an ei	mbryo is referred to as :
	(A) Syngamy	(B)	Triple fusion
	(C) Parathenogenesis	(D)	Vivipary

[P.T.O.]

Life Sc.-II

21.	Type of self-incompatibility determined by the genotype of the pollen is:
	(A) Sporophytic (B) Saprophytic
	(C) Gametophytic (D) Heteromorphic
2 2.	One of the irreversible reactions that controls the rate of glycolysis is catalyzed
	by:
	(A) Aldolase
	(B) Glyceraldehyde-3-PO ₄ -dehydrogenase
	(C) Phospho-fructokinase
	(D) Phosphoglycerate kinase
23.	Which of the following is a photosynthetic bacterium?
	(A) Pseudomonas fluorescence
	(B) Thermus aquaticus
	(C) Rhodospirillum rubrum
	(D) None of the above
24.	"Vitamin F" refers to:
	(A) Essential Amino acids (B) Essential Fatty acids
	(C) Ascorbic acid (D) Cyanocobalamin

25.	Growth of pollen tubes towards ov	ules	is an example of:
	(A) Chemotropism	(B)	Phototropism
	(C) Thermotropism	(D)	Photoperiodism
26.	In which of the following organ	isms	oxygen is not evolved during
	photosynthesis ?		
	(A) Anacystis	(B)	Chlorella
	(C) Chlamydomonas	(D)	Chlorobium
27.	Assumed that thymine makes up 15	% of	bases in a specific DNA molecule
	then what percentage of the bases	is cy	ytosine :
	(A) 15%	(B)	55%
	(C) 35%	(D)	70%
28.	The phenomenon wherein two mut-	ations	when present together produce
	a wild type phenotype is known as	s :	
	(A) Epistasis	(B)	Co-dominance
	(C) Complementation	(D)	Incomplete dominance

. 9

[P.T.O.]

Life Sc.-II

29 .	riants are protected from patrioge	mic iu	ngi and bacteria by .
	(A) Auxins	(B)	Abscisic acid
	(C) Ethylene	(D)	Phenolics
30 .	Moving genetic elements were ob	served	for the first time in :
	(A) Rice	(B)	Mustard
	(C) Sorghum	(D)	Maize
31.	A promoter gene is situated :		
٠	(A) Within an operon	(B)	Upstream an operon
	(C) Downstream an operon	(D)	At random location
32 .	Induced thymine dimer formation	is co	mmon in cells exposed to :
•	(A) Gamma radiations		
	(B) Nitrogen mustard compounds	,	
	(C) Base analogues		
	(D) U.V. radiations		·

33.	Humulin is produced using rec	ombinant	
	(A) B. subtilis	(B)	E. coli
	(C) Pseudomonas denitrificens	(D)	Brevibacterium glutamicum
34.	Satellites are commonly encour	ntered in i	DNA of :
	(A) Plastids	(B)	Plasmids
	(C) Prokaryotes	(D)	Eukaryotes
35.	The most significant step in orig	in of biome	plecules during chemical evolution
	has been the synthesis of:		
	(A) Methane	(B)	Ammonia
	(C) Hydrocyanic gas	(D)	Organic acids
36.	Which of the following was no	t proposed	l by Lamarck?
	(A) Environment induces here	ditary cha	nges
	(B) Organs and organisms ten	d to enlar	rge through generations
	(C) Size and strength of orga	ans is inf	luenced by the extent of their
	employment		
	(D) Graded variations in heritah	le characte	ers result from sexual reproduction

37.	Abiogenesis refers to the :
	(A) Spontaneous generation of organisms from non-living matter
	(B) Development of life forms from the pre-existing ones
	(C) Development of aseptic techniques
	(D) Germ theory of disease
38.	Individuality is related to:
	(A) SNP (B) Satellites
	(C) Recombinations (D) Environmental mutagenesis
39 .	Which of the following is not a structural component of biotic factor in an
	ecosystem ?
	(A) Producers (B) Organic matter
٠.	(C) Microconsumers (D) Macroconsumers
40.	Maximum eutrophication may result from :
	(A) Fertilizer industry effluents
	(B) Effluents from nuclear power plants
	(C) Effluents from mining industry
	(D) Effluents from pharmaceutical industry

41.	In a climax ecosystem there is the:
	(A) Greatest niche separation as well as specialization
	(B) Greatest niche separation and least niche specialization
	(C) Least niche separation as well as specialization
	(D) Least niche separation and the greatest niche specialization
42 .	The most hazardous component generated in photochemical reactions in
	smog:
	(A) Para-amino nitrogen
	(B) Halogenated hydrocarbons
	(C) Ethyl-methyl sulphonates
	(D) Hydrogenated chloro-fluoro carbons
43.	The term 'taxon' was first coined by:
	(A) Carl Linn (B) Hutchinson
	(C) De Candolle (D) Lamarck
44.	For cryopreservation the samples are fixed in:
	(A) Alcohol (B) Acetic acid
	(C) Liquid nitrogen (D) Chloroform

45 .	Carl Woese proposed three domain concept of biological classification based		
	on:		
	(A) Genome sequence analysis		
	(B) Transcriptomic analysis		
	(C) 165 r-RNA sequence analysis		
	(D) Proteomic analysis		
46 .	. The approach used for identifying microbes is based on :		
	(A) Morphology		
	(B) Physiology		
	(C) Polyphasic		
	(D) Cell-wall structure		
47.	. Species is a group of organisms capable of breeding freely among themselv		
,	and having fertile offspring is this concept of species:		
	(A) Biological (B) Chronological		
	(C) Genetic (D) Phylogenetic		

48.	More than 80% of known antibiotics are produced by:		
	(A) Fungi	(B)	Actinobacteria
	(C) Firmicutes	(D)	Archaebacteria
49 .	Tetrodotoxin is obtained from a:		
	(A) Salamander	(B)	Puffer fish
	(C) Gecko	(D)	Opposum
50.	Which of the following is a rapid scr	reenin	g test for chemicals of carcinogenic
	potential ?		
	(A) MPOV test		
	(B) Cis-trans test		
	(C) Luria-Delbruck test		
	(D) Aines test		

15

Life Sc.-II

[P.T.O.]

ROUGH WORK